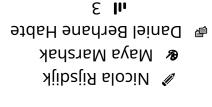
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A Tiny Seed: The Story of Wangari Maathai





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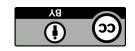
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isdtseM

Micola RijsdijkMaya MarshakDaniel Berhane Habte (ti)



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ኣብ ምብራቕ ኣፍሪቃ ኣብ ዝባን ናይ እምባ ኬንያ ኣብ እትርከብ ሓንቲ ዓዲ፡ ሓንቲ ንእሽቶ ጓል ምስ ኣዲኣ ኣብቲ ግራውቲ ትሰርሕ ነበረት። ስማ ዋንጋሪ ትበሃል።

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In a village on the slopes of Mount Kenya in East Africa, a little girl worked in the fields with her mother. Her name was Wangari.



food garden she broke up the soil with her machete. She pressed tiny seeds into the warm earth.

Wangari loved being outside. In her family's







ጸሓይ ዕራርብቦ እቲ ኣዝያ እትፈትዎ ክፍለግዜ ናይ መዓልቲ እዩ። መሬት ጸልሚቱ ኣትክልቲ ምርኣይ ክኣብይዋ ከለዉ፡ ዋንጋሪ ንቤታ ትኸደሉ እዋን ከምዝኣኸለ ክተስተብህል ከኣለት። ክትከይድ ከላ፡ ሩባ ተሳጊራ ነቲ ብማእከል ግራት ዝስንጥቕ ቀጢን መንገዲ ትኽተል።

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Her favourite time of day was just after sunset. When it got too dark to see the plants, Wangari knew it was time to go home. She would follow the narrow paths through the fields, crossing rivers as she went.

ዋንጋሪ ኣብ 2011 እኳ ብሞት እንተተፈለየትና፡ ጽቡቕ ኦም ኣብንርእየሉ ኵሉ ግዜ ግና ኣብ ኣእምሮና ትቕጀለና።

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Wangari died in 2011, but we can think of her every time we see a beautiful tree.





።ማንየመፈጻ ዶለወና ዋዶስศ ታጋሆማቶ ቶብ ቡን ጋጋሃ ምኋ ጋሞጃቶd ታጋሆሞቶ ቶጋበነዡ ዒለ የልቆ ሐሶበ ሪርናዋ

her parents to let her go to school. was seven years old, her big brother persuaded her to stay and help them at home. When she go to school. But her mother and father wanted Wangari was a clever child and couldn't wait to



። ተየሳ ታዒተሰናጾ ልዖ ያለ ልበ? ተሞልሽ ሞሶሰ ዒን ተሞልሽ ታለ ።ሶተሰጋበ术 ሞሷ

the first African woman ever to receive it. It is called the Nobel Peace Prize, and she was world took notice, and gave her a famous prize. Wangari had worked hard. People all over the





ዋንጋሪ ትምህርቲ ትፈቱ ነበረት! ካብ ነፍሲ-ወከፍ ዘንበበቶ መጽሓፍ ብዙሕ ተማህረት። ኣብ ትምህርታ ኣዝያ ብልጽቲ ብምዃን ኣብ ሕቡራት መንግስታት ኣሜሪካ ንኽትመሃር ዕድል ረኸበት። ዋንጋሪ ኣዝያ ተሓጐሰት! ብዛዕባ ዓለም ዝያዳ ክትፈልጥ ተሃንጠየት።

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She liked to learn! Wangari learnt more and more with every book she read. She did so well at school that she was invited to study in the United States of America. Wangari was excited! She wanted to know more about the world.

ግዜ ብዝሓለፈ፡ እቲ ሓደስቲ ኣግራብ ጫካ ዀነ፡ እቶም ኣፍላግ ድማ ከም ቀደሞም ክዛርዩ ጀመሩ። ናይ ዋንጋሪ ኣስተምህሮ ካብ ጻትንጻት ኣፍሪቃ ተዘርግሐ። ሎሚ፡ ካብ ናይ ዋንጋሪ ዘራእቲ ሚልዮናት ኣግራብ በቚሉ ይርከብ።

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As time passed, the new trees grew into forests, and the rivers started flowing again. Wangari's message spread across Africa. Today, millions of trees have grown from Wangari's seeds.





ናወ⁴የበየዘሚሰ <u>ያመሰ </u>ለዕቦና ፡ቶተወጾተንለ ቲዋ*ሕ*ጾ ሰሚ

። ተዐናጻለ ናለ-ቐበዠማሰ ዉመሰ ናቶልศቶጾ ቦዕዛቡ ። ተጋሆምተ

the trees in the beautiful Kenyan forests. playing games with her brothers in the shade of grow. And she remembered how she grew: new things. She studied plants and how they At the American university Wangari learnt many

powerful and strong. look after their families. The women were very

<u>የተብ</u>ಎኳሰ *ጻ*ለለመና ምኋ ምቲጾ ለባሸጋዡ ታየ ላጥሽ ቡಎሮጾ ታየ

ተቲኤላ ናተለ ።ናተጋየመ ል ቀቡተለማሰ ቡጋር ሰጋፊ ዉመሰ አጋዘ

happy. Wangari had helped them to feel women sold the trees and used the money to women how to plant trees from seeds. The Wangari knew what to do. She taught the

። ሂለ የተዞፓሉ የዐማሰና





ዝያዳ ብዝተማህረት፡ ንህዝቢ ኬንያ ከምትፈትዎም ዝያዳ ተገንዘበት። ሕጕሳትን ናጻን ክዀኑ ደለየት። ዝያዳ ብዝተማህረት፡ ነቲ ናይ ኣፍሪቃ ቤታ ዝያዳ ዘከረት።

. .

The more she learnt, the more she realised that she loved the people of Kenya. She wanted them to be happy and free. The more she learnt, the more she remembered her African home. ትምህርታ ምስወድአት፡ ናብ ኬንያ ተመልሰት። ሃገራ ግን ተቐዪራ ጸንሓታ። ዓበይቲ ሕርሻታት ኣብቲ ሃገር ኣስፋሕፍሑ። ኣዴታት ንመብሰሊ መግቢ ዝኸውን ዕንጨይቲ ሰኣና። ህዝቢ ደኽዩ ቆልዑ ድማ ጠመዩ።

. . .

When she had finished her studies, she returned to Kenya. But her country had changed. Huge farms stretched across the land. Women had no wood to make cooking fires. The people were poor and the children were hungry.